



**PERMIT TO ALLOW MINOR USE OF A REGISTERED AGVET CHEMICAL PRODUCT
FOR CONTROL OF ANTHRACNOSE AND PANICLE SHOOT BLIGHT
IN PISTACHIOS**

PERMIT NUMBER – PER88556

This permit is issued to the Permit Holder in response to an application granted by the APVMA under section 112 of the Agvet Codes of the jurisdictions set out below. This permit allows a person, as stipulated below, to use the product in the manner specified in this permit in the designated jurisdictions. This permit also allows any person to claim that the product can be used in the manner specified in this permit.

THIS PERMIT IS IN FORCE FROM 02 MARCH 2020 TO 31 MARCH 2025

Permit Holder:

HORTICULTURE INNOVATION AUSTRALIA LTD
Level 7, 141 Walker Street
NORTH SYDNEY NSW 2060

Persons who can use the product under this permit:

Persons generally.

CONDITIONS OF USE

Product to be used:

FARMOZ MIRAGE FUNGICIDE (APVMA No. 59676)

PLUS ALL OTHER REGISTERED PRODUCTS

Containing: 450 g/L PROCHLORAZ as the only active constituent.

OCTAVE WP FUNGICIDE (APVMA No. 30485)

PLUS ALL OTHER REGISTERED PRODUCTS

Containing: 462 g/kg PROCHLORAZ AS THE MANGANESE CHLORIDE COMPLEX as the only active constituent.

Directions for Use:

Crop	Diseases	Rate
PISTACHIOS	Anthrachnose (<i>Colletotrichum</i> spp.)	<u>450 g/L EC Products</u> 143 – 308 mL product / 100 L
	Panicle and shoot blight (<i>Botryosphaeria</i> spp.)	<u>462 g/kg WP Products</u> 140 – 300 g product / 100 L

Critical Use Comments:

- Apply in sufficient water to obtain thorough coverage of all plant surfaces.
- Prochloraz based products should be applied as a protective treatment prior to the onset of disease development.
- Make first foliar spray application during early bloom. Repeat application if conditions remain favourable for disease development.
- Apply using orchard airblast/mister sprayer in sufficient water to obtain uniform coverage.
- DO NOT apply more than three (3) applications per crop, with a minimum re-treatment interval of 14 days between consecutive applications.
- Use the higher application rate when conditions favour disease development.
- Use disease prediction models (i.e. Leaf Wetness Model developed in California) to determine favourable disease conditions.
- Alternate with fungicide spray treatments from other chemical (Mode of Action) groups. Multiple fungicides are required from different chemical groups to manage the resistance risk.
- Refer to product label restraints, precautions and protections statements.

Withholding Period:

Harvest: DO NOT harvest for 14 DAYS after application.

Grazing: DO NOT feed treated crops to livestock, or allow livestock to graze treated areas.

Jurisdiction:

ALL STATES and Territories, except VIC.

Note: Victoria is not included in this permit, as their *Control-of-Use* legislation means a permit is not required to legalise this off-label use in that state.

Additional Conditions:

This permit provides for the use of a product in a manner other than specified on the approved label of the product. Unless otherwise stated in this permit, the use of the product must be in accordance with instructions on its label. Persons who wish to prepare for use and/or use products for the purposes specified in this permit must read, or have read to them, the details and conditions of this permit.

Export of treated produce:

Temporary Maximum Residue Limits (TMRLs) have been established to allow treated produce to be used for human consumption. An MRL has been established for PROCHLORAZ in PISTACHIO NUT. MRLs can be found in the *Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals Code (MRL Standard) Instrument 2019*. MRLs apply only to produce marketed and consumed in Australia. If treated produce is to be exported, residues must not exceed the limits/tolerances of the importing country.

Issued by the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority