



PERMIT TO ALLOW MINOR USE OF AN AGVET CHEMICAL PRODUCT

FOR CONTROL OF ANTHRACNOSE DISEASE IN OLIVES

PERMIT NUMBER – PER87332

This permit is issued to the Permit Holder in response to an application granted by the APVMA under section 112 of the Agvet Codes of the jurisdictions set out below. This permit allows a person, as stipulated below, to use the product in the manner specified in this permit in the designated jurisdictions. This permit also allows any person to claim that the product can be used in the manner specified in this permit.

THIS PERMIT IS IN FORCE FROM 1 JULY 2019 TO 31 JULY 2024.

Permit Holder:

HORTICULTURE INNOVATION AUSTRALIA LTD
Level 8, 1 Chifley Square
SYDNEY NSW 2000

Persons who can use the product under this permit:

Persons generally.

CONDITIONS OF USE

Product to be used:

AERO FUNGICIDE (59616)

Containing: 550 g/kg METIRAM and 50 g/kg PYRACLOSTROBIN as the only active constituents.

Directions for Use:

Crop Type	Plant Disease	Application Rate
OLIVES	Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum gloeosporioides</i>)	200 g product / 100 L

Critical Use Comments:

- Apply a maximum of two (2) foliar applications per season by calibrated air-blast sprayer, using a minimum 21 day interval between consecutive sprays.
- Apply in sufficient water volume to ensure thorough coverage.
- The use of an appropriate wetting agent is recommended to improve the spread of the chemical over the leaves and fruit, and subsequent adherence. Be guided by the label of the active chemical and the label of the wetting agent.
- Apply the treatment, preferably before the disease infects the trees. This will depend upon whether the olive grove is in a susceptible area (e.g. summer rains), and the season (unseasonal humid and moist conditions). Spraying prior to flowering is a good guide, and again just after fruit set. Protect the remaining periods with copper sprays if required.

Withholding Period:

Harvest: DO NOT harvest for 21 DAYS after application.

Grazing: DO NOT allow stock to graze on treated areas

Jurisdiction:

ALL STATES and TERRITORIES except VIC.

Note: Victoria is not included in this permit, as their *Control-of-Use* legislation does not require a permit to legalise this off-label use in this state.

Additional Conditions:

This PERMIT provides for the use of a product in a manner other than specified on the approved label of the product. Unless otherwise stated in this permit, the use of the product must be in accordance with instructions on its label.

PERSONS who wish to prepare for use and/or use products for the purposes specified in this permit must read, or have read to them, the DETAILS and CONDITIONS of this permit.

To Avoid Crop Damage:

The sensitivity of some cultivars of the crops to be treated under this permit has not been fully evaluated under all growing conditions. A small number of olive trees should therefore be sprayed in the first instance, and tree health closely monitored over the following days/weeks. Discontinue applications when any adverse symptoms post-treatment are observed.

Residues and Export:

To allow produce from treated plants to be supplied or otherwise made available for consumption the APVMA has established Temporary Maximum Residue Limits (TMRLs) for pyraclostrobin and metiram in olives:

<u>Pyraclostrobin</u>	<u>mg/kg</u>
Table olives and Olives for oil production	T 0.3
Olive oil, crude	T 1.0

<u>Dithiocarbamates (incl. Metiram)</u>	<u>mg/kg</u>
Olives	T 2.0

These limits only apply to produce marketed and consumed within Australia.

If pyraclostrobin/metiram treated produce is to be exported, due account should be taken into tolerance limits of importing countries and any residues must not exceed those tolerance limits.

Issued by the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority